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STRATEGIC COOPERATION OF INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS WITH UKRAINE

The assistance of international financial institutions in times of full-scale war and in the period of post-war recovery is one of the most urgent for Ukraine. Thus, according to the National Institute for Strategic Studies [1], the International Monetary Fund announced on March, 2023 [2] that it had reached an agreement with the Ukrainian authorities regarding the new program. Ukraine will be able to receive 15,6 billion dollars. US credit financing over the next 48 months. It is expected that the agreement will help mobilize large-scale financing on preferential terms from international donors and partners of Ukraine for the duration of the program. The new IMF program for Ukraine is called unique, because for the first time the Fund provides funds to the country in conditions of unprecedented economic uncertainty.

The World Bank will allocate an additional grand in the amount of 2,5 billion dollars. USA to support the budget of Ukraine [3]. Funds will be used to support key sectors, including health, education, pensions, assistance to internally displaced persons, social assistance programs and wages for workers who provide essential public services.

The funds were provided by the United States Agency for International Development (USAID), they will be transferred to the Government of Ukraine after the World Bank has carried out an appropriate verification of eligible costs.

To date, the World Bank has mobilized more than 20,6 billion dollars. the USA in the form of emergency funding to support the people of Ukraine, including the commitments of donors from Western countries.

The European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) can provide JSC «Ukrzaliznytsia» with an emergency support loan under sovereign

guarantees for 200 million euros. The EBRD Board of Directors plans to consider the relevant project at a meeting on May, 2023.

The loan consists of 100 million euros of emergency financing of capital investments of «Ukrzaliznytsia» and 100 million euros of capital structure support. It is expected that 50% of the loan will be secured by G7/EU donor guarantees, deployed in conditions where local commercial structures cannot guarantee risk coverage mechanisms.

The EBRD notes that thanks to the loan, «Ukrzaliznytsia» will be able to increase cross-border capacity with the EU, eliminating bottlenecks at border crossings, as well as repair sections of the railway track that suffered as a result of the full-scale invasion of russia.

After receiving financing, Ukrzaliznytsia will be able not only to restore key railway corridors on the border with the EU, but also to purchase rolling stock.

On March, 2023, the European Commission announced the free transfer of 5,700 units of solar panels to Ukraine by Enel, which they plan to deliver by the summer of 2023 [4]. Panels with a power of 350 W each will cover up to 11,400 m² of roofs. The equipment will be distributed among various public buildings in Ukraine, in particular educational and health care institutions, according to the priority determined by the Ukrainian government.

On March 14 of this year, the Council of the European Union adopted a decision to increase the financial ceiling of the European Peace Fund, from which funds are allocated for the purchase of weapons for Ukraine, to 7,979 billion euros by 2027, which will ensure the possibility of covering additional financial needs. This decision implements the political agreement reached on December, 2022, when the EU countries decided to increase the total financial ceiling of the EMF by 2 billion euros (in 2018 prices) in 2023 and foresee the possibility of further increases at a later stage. The Council of the EU also decided to set the basic financial amount for the total costs of EU military exercises in crisis management in 2023 at the level of 5 million euros and introduce greater flexibility in the collection and use of financial contributions from member states and the use of these funds by the Fund.

On March, 2023, Ukraine received 1,5 billion euros from the EU as part of the Macro-Financial Assistance Program (MFD) [5]. This is the second tranche within the framework of the preferential credit program for 2023, the total amount of which is 18 billion euros. The funds are provided on unprecedented preferential terms for Ukraine and will be directed to financing the most urgent expenses of the state budget. Ukraine will receive the next tranches within the framework of the MFD program during 2023, considering the fulfillment of the conditions agreed by the parties. Since the beginning of the full-scale war, the European Union has provided Ukraine with 11,7 billion euros of macro-financial assistance.

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MODERN FEATURES OF THE SCANDINAVIAN STYLE IN THE INTERIOR DESIGN OF HOTEL PREMISES

Popular since the 50s of the last centuries, the Scandinavian style in the interior remains one of the most relevant types of design for creating home comfort or a comfortable office atmosphere. Due to the characteristics of the northern Scandinavian climate with a small number of sunny days, this interior style has such a prominent feature as an abundance of light and appropriate shades.

Modesty and aesthetic simplicity in the Scandinavian style are successfully combined with the versatility and functionality of even small trinkets. The neutral color scheme and geometrically correct, straight lines effectively transform any room into an elegantly designed space and are truly timeless. Interior with large and bright rooms, comfortable upholstered furniture, decoration with natural materials – all this conquers connoisseurs of naturalness, versatility and unobtrusiveness.

The defining features of the Scandinavian style are the following characteristic features: large panoramic windows to provide natural light; open layout without partitions, the possibility of combining a kitchen and a living room, a bedroom and an office; natural materials or their imitation in decoration (textiles and fur, wood and stone, glass and ceramics, brick and metal); bright accents that diversify straight lines and pure monochromatic colors (paintings, posters, tapestries, sculptures, vases, original lamps, clocks, indoor plants); simple forms and the absence of arrogant luxury – even the most expensive